

International Organisation of Vine and Wine

World vitiviniculture situation

- Surface area
- ❖ Grape
 - Global grape production
- Wine
 - Production
 - Consumption
 - Trade
- ❖ 2016 FAO-OIV Focus: Table and Dried Grapes

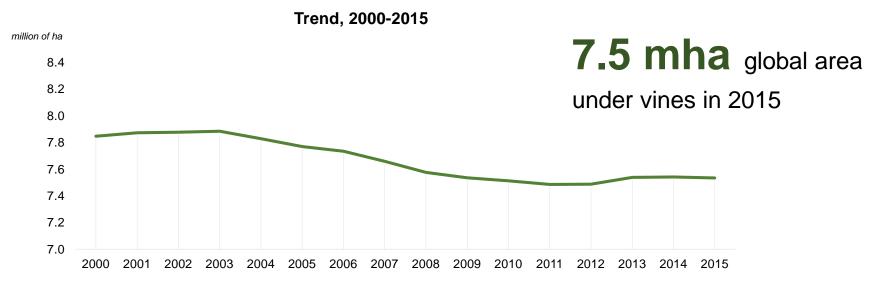


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Global area under vines



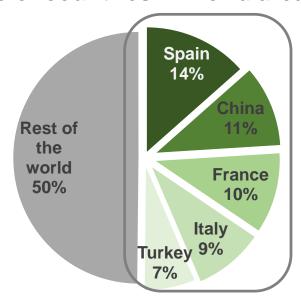
Area under vines in the world



Share of countries in world area surface

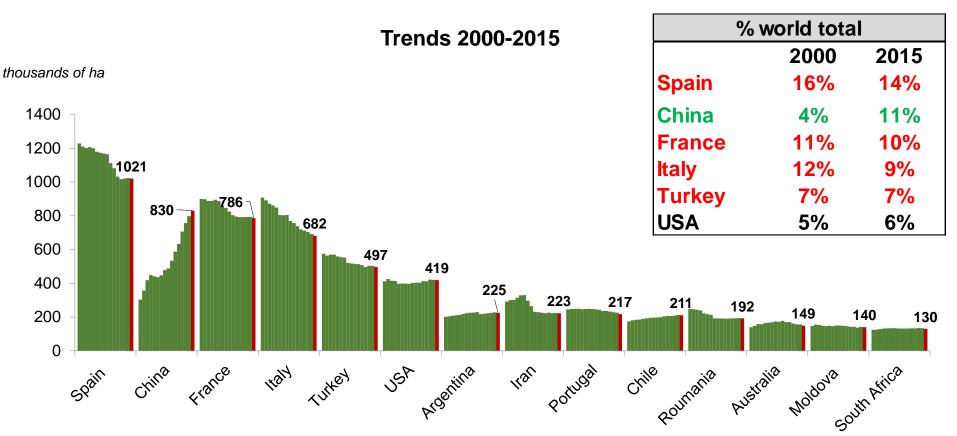
countries represent

50%
of world vineyard



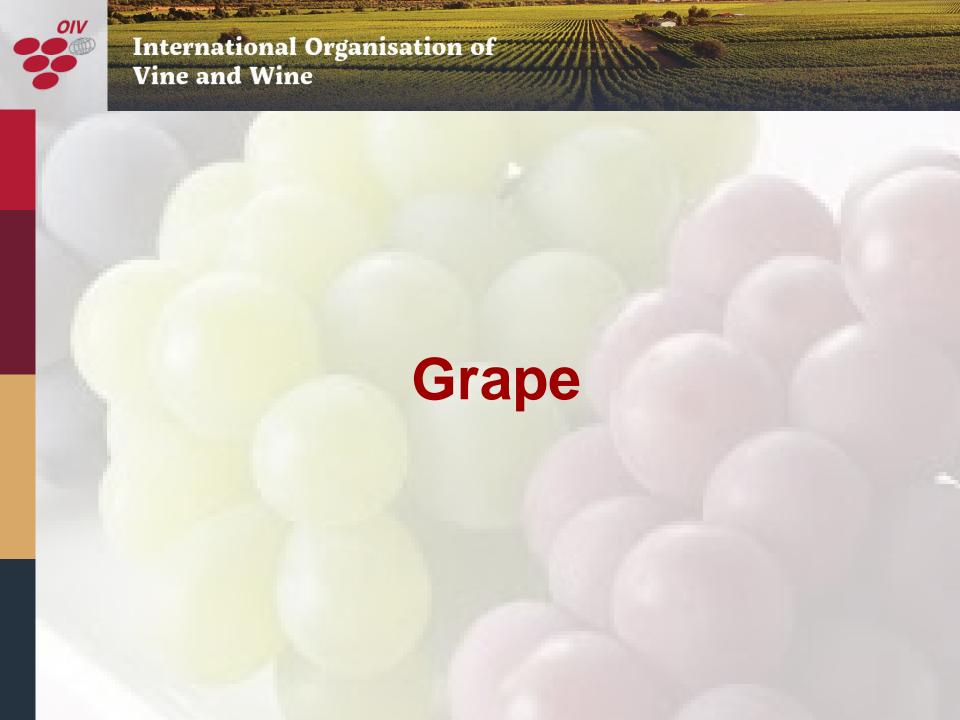


Area under vines



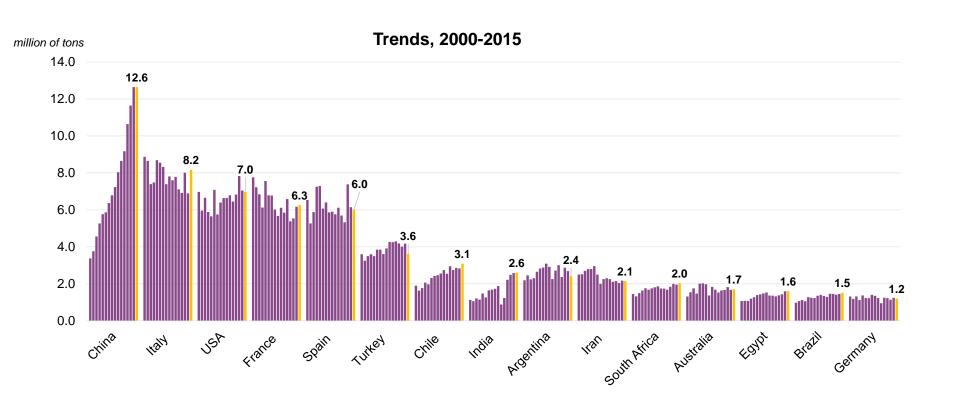
Since 2000:

- Area under vine is decreasing in Europe, Turkey and Iran
- Strong increase for China, which has now the 2nd world largest vineyard.
- Stabilisation in the USA and South Hemisphere countries





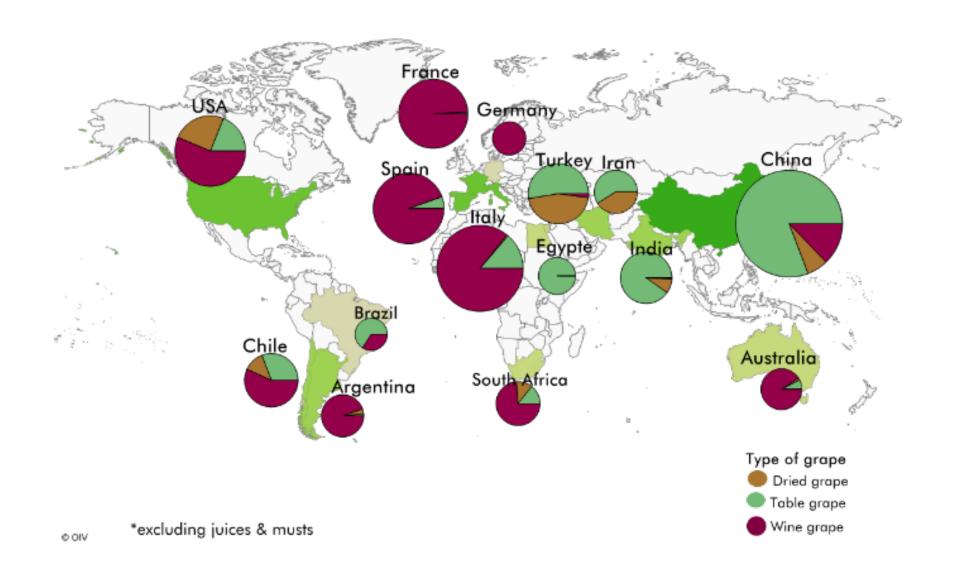
Major grapes producers: all use



- Growth in grapes production is particularly significant in China, India, USA and Chile
- Decrease in Italy, France, Spain and Iran.



Major grape producers by type of products*





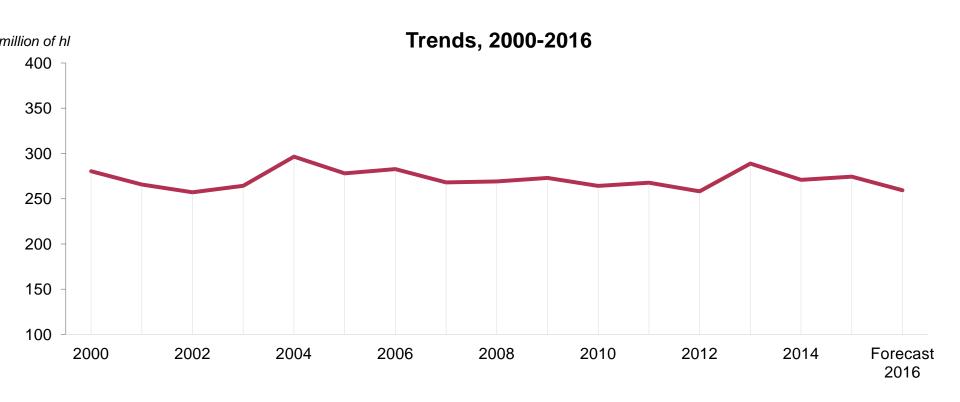
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World wine production

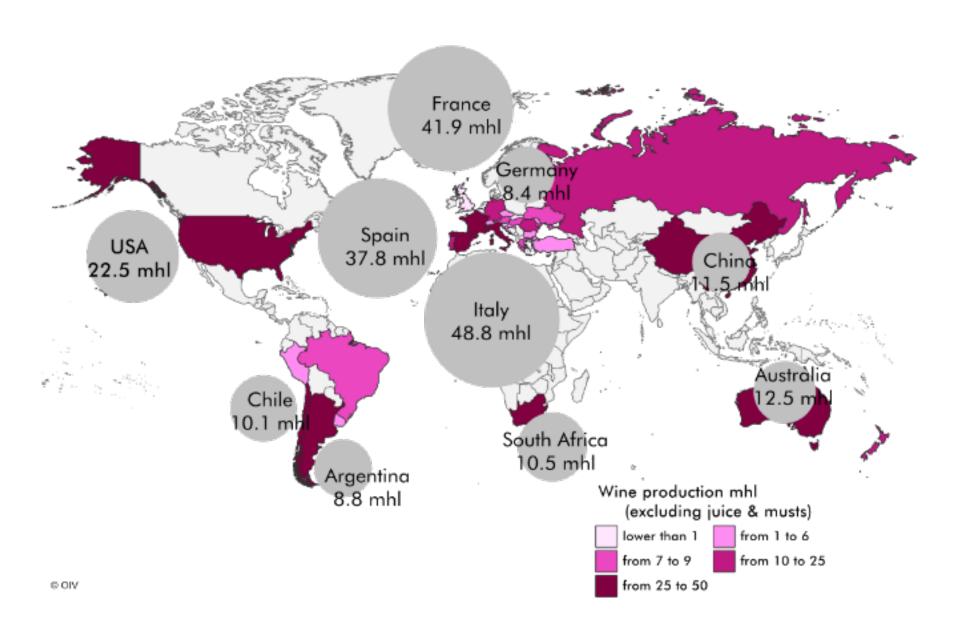
259 mhl global wine production in 2016



- 2016 world wine production (excluding juice & musts) decreased by almost 15 mhl compared with 2015 production.
- production it's among one of the lowest production over the last 20 years.

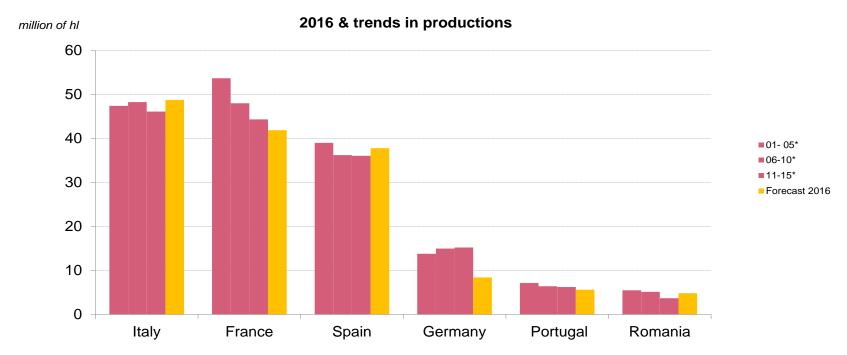


Wine production in 2016





In Europe



Annual trends in wine production:

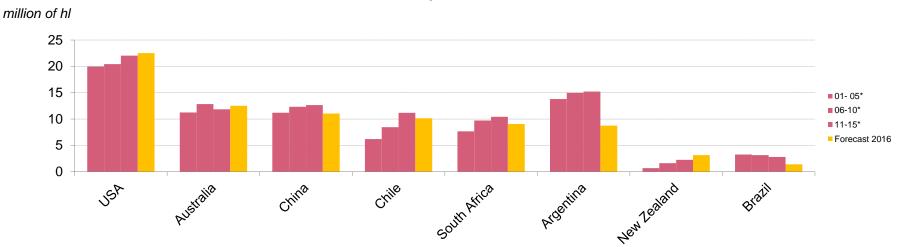
- 2016 production slightly higher than the average for Italy, Spain and Romania
- production lower than the average in France, Germany and Portugal

^{*} five-year average excluding minimum and maximum productions during the period



Outside Europe





Annual trends in wine production:

- Production above the average of the previous years in the USA, Australia, New Zealand
- Lower production than the average in Argentina, South Africa and Brazil

^{*} five-year average excluding minimum and maximum productions during the period



Wine production

excluding juice and musts

Table 1: Wine production (excluding juice and musts) (1)

-	,		, ,		2015		2016/2015 Variation in	2016/2015 Variation	Ranking
Unit: mhl	2011	2012	2013	2014	Provisional	2016 Forecast	variation in	in %	Kalikiliy
Italy	42.8	45.6	54.0	44.2	50.0	48.8	-1.2	-2%	1
France	50.8	41.5	42.1	46.5	47.4	41.9	-5.7	-12%	2
Spain	33.4	31.1	45.3	39.5	37.3	37.8	0.5	1%	3
United States	19.1	21.7	23.6	23.7	22.1	22.5	0.5	2%	4
Australia	11.2	12.3	12.3	11.9	11.9	12.5	0.6	5%	5
China*	13.2	13.8	11.1	11.1	11.5	11.5	0.0	0%	6
South Africa	9.7	10.6	11.0	11.5	11.2	10.5	-2.2	-7%	7
Chile	10.5	12.6	12.8	10.5	12.9	10.1	-2.7	-21%	8
Argentina	15.5	11.8	15.0	15.2	13.4	8.8	-4.6	-35%	9
Germany	9.1	9.0	8.4	9.2	8.8	8.4	-0.4	-4%	10
Portugal	5.6	6.3	6.2	6.2	7.0	5.6	-1.4	-20%	11
Russia*	7.0	6.2	5.3	4.9	4.9	4.9	0.0	0%	12
Romania	4.1	3.3	5.1	3.7	3.5	4.9	1.3	37%	13
New Zealand	2.4	1.9	2.5	3.2	2.3	3.1	0.8	34%	14
Hungary	2.8	1.8	2.6	2.6	2.9	2.7	-0.2	-6%	15
Greece	2.8	3.1	3.3	2.8	2.5	2.6	0.0	2%	16
Serbia*	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	0.0	0%	17
Austria	2.8	2.1	2.4	2.0	2.3	1.8	-0.5	-21%	18
Georgia*	1.1	8.0	1.0	1.1	1.7	1.7	0.0	0%	19
Moldova*	1.5	1.5	2.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	0.0	0%	20
Brazil*	3.5	3.0	2.7	2.7	2.8	1.4	-1.4	-50%	21
Bulgaria	1.1	1.3	1.8	0.8	1.3	1.3	0.0	1%	22
OIV World Total(3)	267.7	258.1	288.9	270.8	274.4	259.5	-15.0	-5%	

^{(1):} Countries for which information has been provided with a wine production of more than 1 mhl

^{(3):} OIV estimate: mid-range estimate Range for evaluation of 2016 world production: from 255.0 mhl to 264.0 mhl.

^{*} Report for the year 2015, 2016 figures not yet available



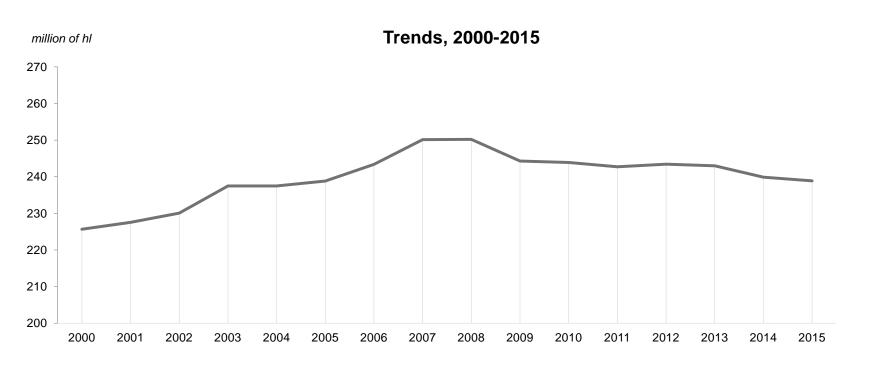
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Wine Consumption



World wine consumption

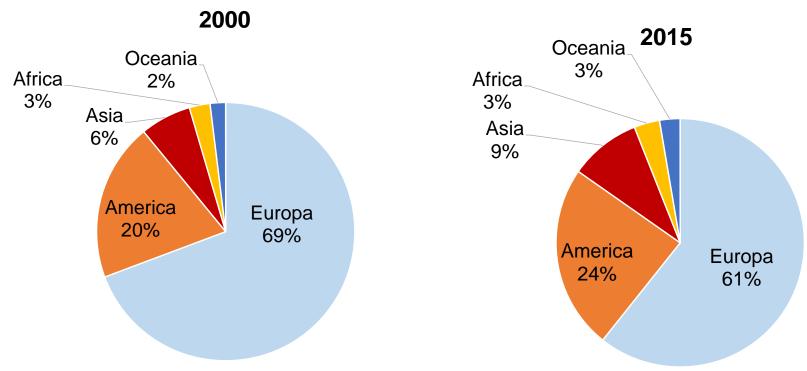
239 mh world consumption of wine of grapes in 2015



Since the beginning of the economic and financial crisis of 2008, global consumption seems to have stabilised overall at around 240 mhl.



Shift in wine consumption geography



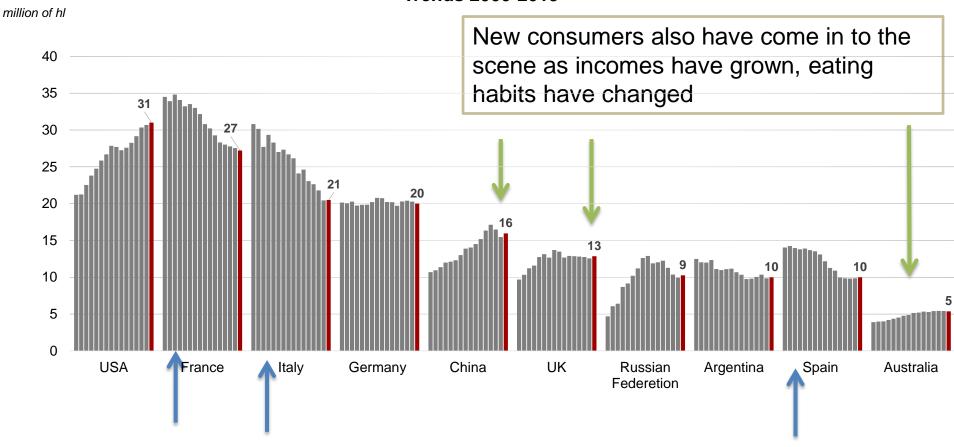
The 2000-2015 period has been characterized by a **shift in the wine consumption patterns**:

Nowadays 39% of the wine is consumed outside of European countries, compared with 31% in 2000.



Wine consumption



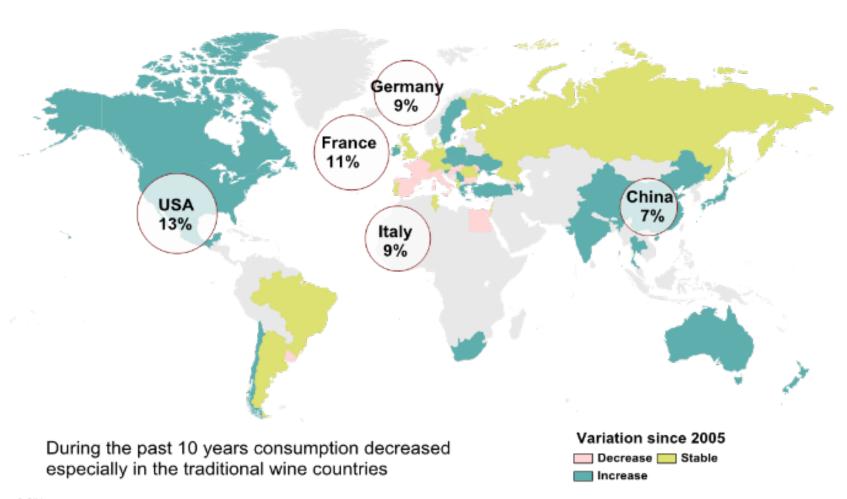


Wine consumption is decreasing in the traditional wine countries of southern Europe



Wine consumption in the world

5 countries consume half of the wine of the world





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Wine trade

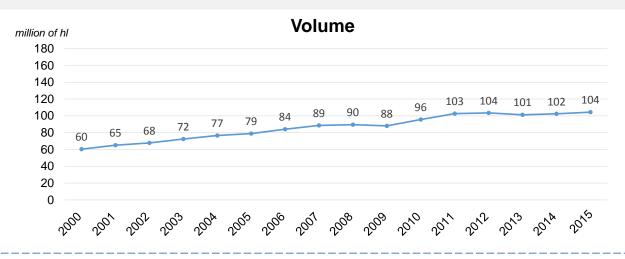


World wine Export

In 2015 world wine export increased

by 1.9% in volume (104 mhl)

and by 10 % in value (28 Billion EUR)



Value

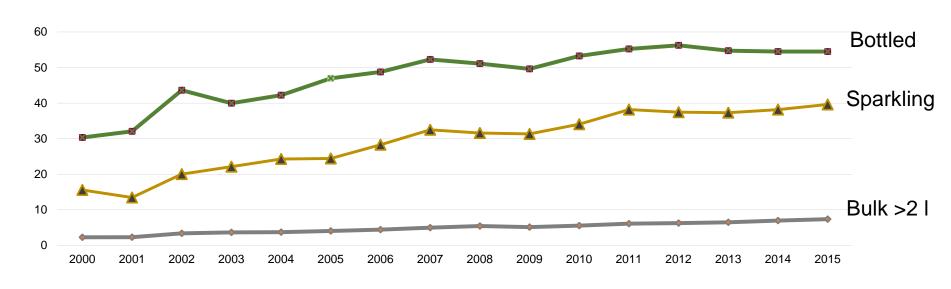
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By type of product

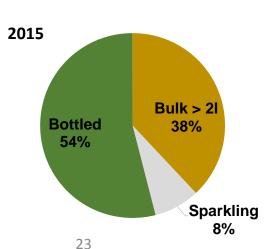
Evolution of the exports by type of product in volume

million of hl



The composition of exports:

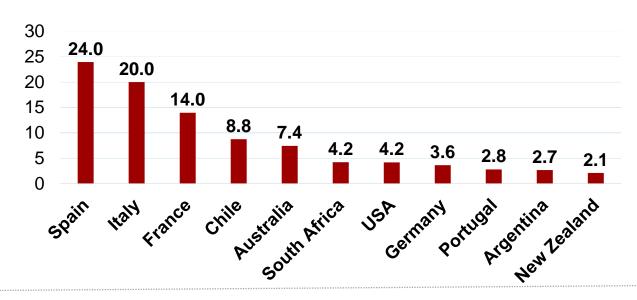
- bottled wines continue to decrease slightly in volume, but increase in value
- sparkling wines continue to increase in volume and in value
- <u>bulk wines</u> continue to increase in volume





Top world exporters

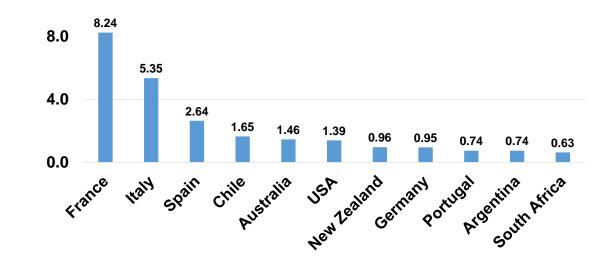
Millions of hectolitres in 2015



Export is widely dominated by Spain, Italy and France representing 56 % of the volume of the world market

Billion of Euros in 2015

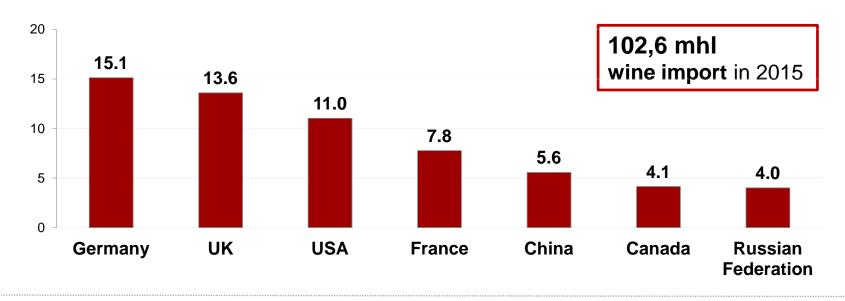
In value, France and Italy continue to dominate the market with respectively 29 % and 19 %





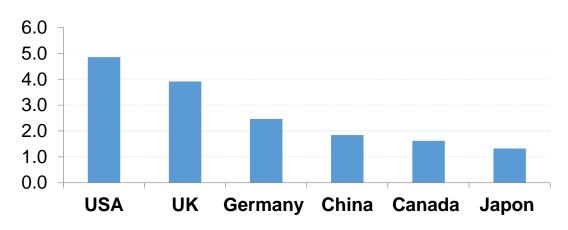
Top world Importers

Millions of hectolitres in 2015



Billion of Euros in 2015

The top 5 importers in value represent more than 50%





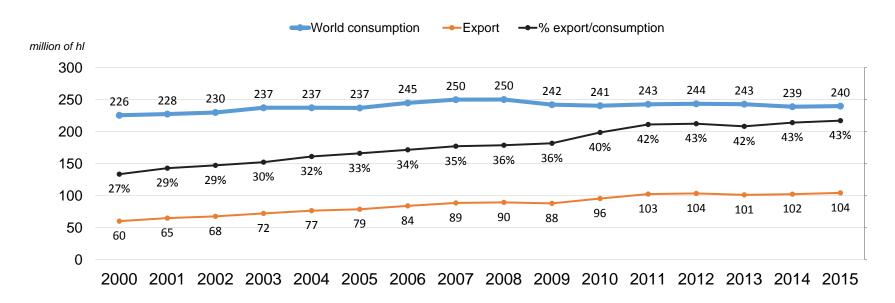
Structure of world wine market

In 2015:

World production: 274,4 mhl

Global consumption: 240 mhl

Total export: 104,3 mhl (43% of global consumption)



- Progressive increase of the "international wine" (wine traded internationally) versus wine consumed domestically
- wine is less and less consumed in its producing country





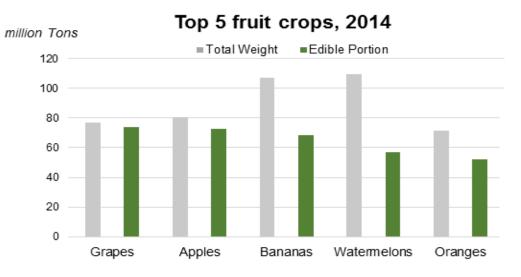
FAO-OIV Focus 2016: Table and Dried Grapes



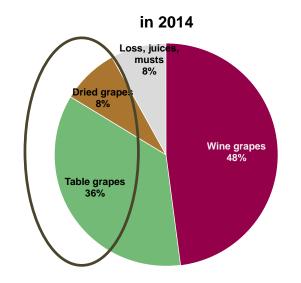
Why this report?



Grapes are one the world's largest fruit crops



Approximately 44% of unpressed grapes while 48% is used for wine



Given the importance of grape production

and the fact that fermented products only represent a partial share of grape consumption, there is a real need to gain a clearer picture of trends and patterns in the international grape economy





■ FAO with FAOSTAT, the world's largest database of food and agricultural information, with more than a million statistics covering five decades and 245 countries and territories

 OIV the reference organization on vines, wine, wine-based beverages, table grapes, raisins and other vine-based products





Content:

Section 1 general considerations of the basics of viticulture, food use of grape crops, and its nutritional aspects.

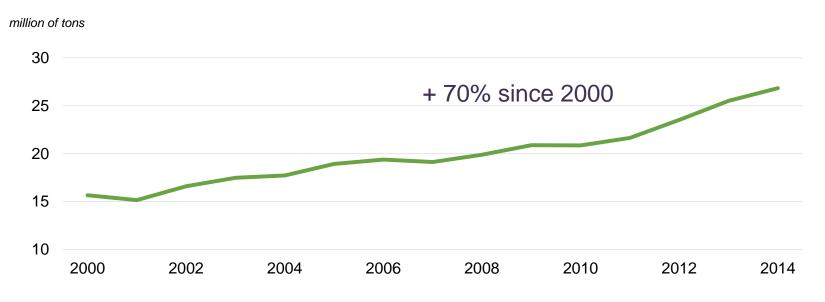
Section 2 provides an analyses of the table and dried grape market. It presents the latest data on production, consumption and imports.



Table Grapes



27 million of tons: world production in 2014



 China is a major contributor to the growth of world production.

Between 2000 and 2014, table grape production in China has multiplied by 7



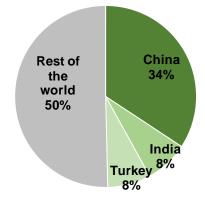
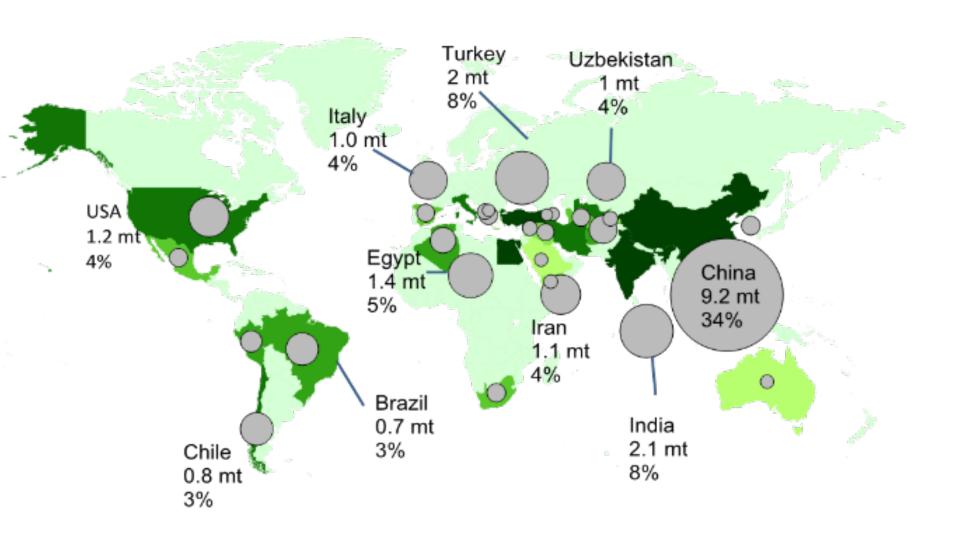






Table grapes production in 2014



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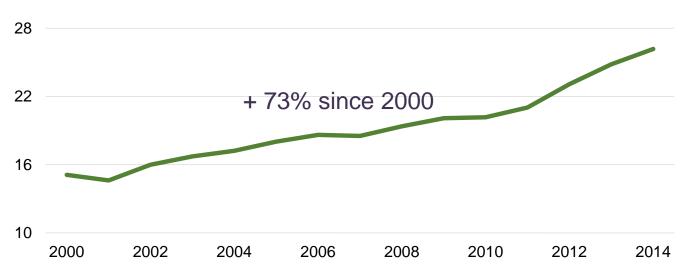


Table Grapes



26.2 million tons: world consumption in 2014

million of tons



- China is the largest consumer (9 million tons) followed by India and the Turkey (with both a consumption of 1.8 million)
- Grape consumption is not only on the rise in these markets; there is clearly growing interest in this fruit in Southeast Asian markets.

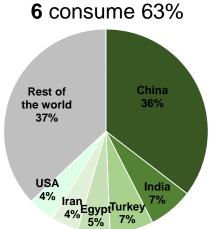
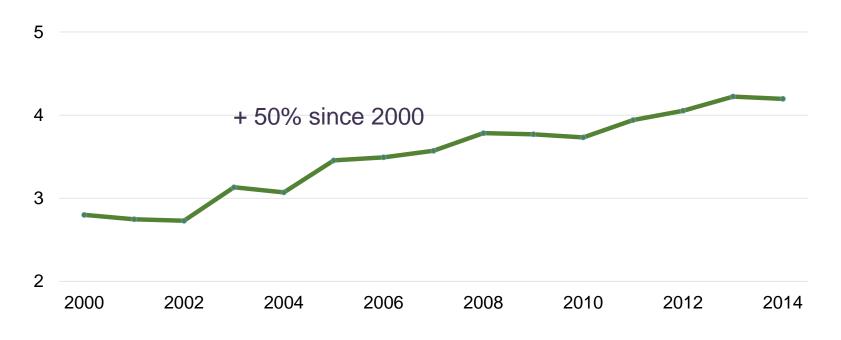




Table Grapes



4.2 million tons: the world export in 2014



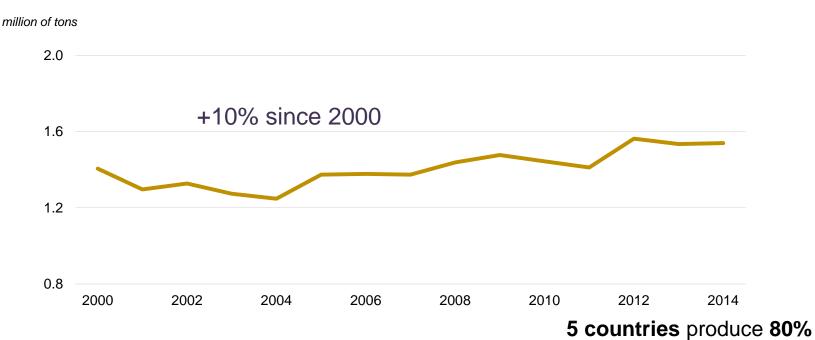
- Table grape export has grown significantly
- Growth was particularly driven by the emergence of new players in table grape trade, such as South Africa and Peru



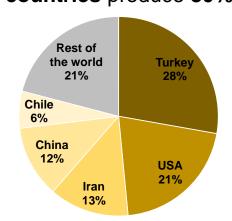
Dried Grapes



1.5 million tons: world production in 2014



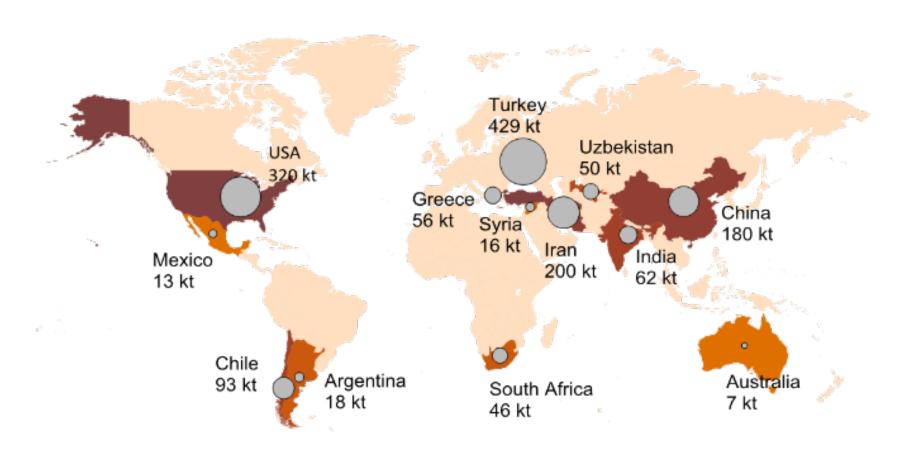
 Turkey and USA dominate global dried grapes production







Dried grapes production in 2014



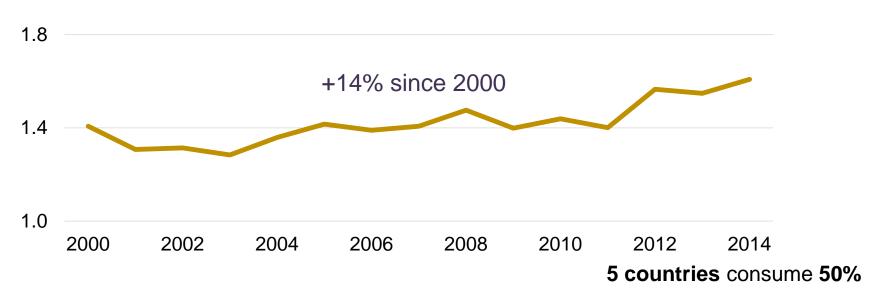


Dried Grapes

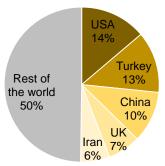


1.6 million tons: world consumption in 2014

million of tons



- USA and Turkey are the largest national markets
- followed by China which doubled its consumption since 2000.

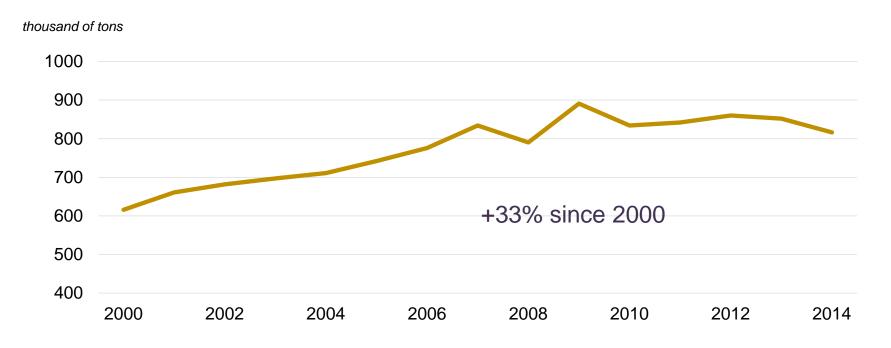




Dried Grapes



816 thousand tons world export in 2014



- Turkey is the world's leading exporter
- the EU is the leading importer market
- India and China are major producers, but not yet major exporters





Future actions:

How to improve the data collection of this segment of the sector?

The statistical data currently available on the quantities of grape juice produced and on intermediate unfermented products do not enable us to analyse these segments of the sector in further details



Thank you for your attention Vielen Dank für Ihre Aufmerksamkeit Grazie per la Loro attenzione Gracias por su atención Merci de votre attention Obrigado