



## RESOLUTION OIV-OENO 684A-2022

### USE OF SELECTIVE PLANT FIBRES IN WINE – update to Resolution OIV-OENO 582-2017

*IMPORTANT: This resolution modifies the following resolution:  
- OIV-OENO 582-2017*

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY,  
IN VIEW OF Article 2, paragraph 2 b) ii of the Agreement of 3 April 2001 establishing the International Organisation of Vine and Wine,  
CONSIDERING the work of the “Technology” Expert Group,  
CONSIDERING Resolution OIV-OENO 582-2017 adopted in 2017,  
DECIDES, at the proposal of Commission II “Oenology”, to modify file II.3.4.20 in part II, chapter 3, “Wines”, of the *International Code of Oenological Practices* of the OIV as follows:

## PART II

### 3. Wines

#### TITLE: USE OF SELECTIVE PLANT FIBRES IN WINE

#### Definition:

Use in wines of a selective adsorbent composed of plant fibres.

#### Objectives:

- a. To reduce the ochratoxin A levels in wines;
- b. to reduce the number and levels of phytosanitary product residues in wines.

## Prescriptions:

- a. Selective plant fibres are to be used as processing aids and incorporated either into wine or during filtration with continuous deposition, during cross-flow filtration, or as a constituent of a filter sheet;
- b. the recommended dosage is to be determined according to the filtration technique used, without exceeding 1.5 kg/m<sup>2</sup> of the filter sheet surface area or 200 g/hL in wine;
- c. selective plant fibres used in wines are to be removed by racking after sedimentation, centrifugation, or filtration;
- d. selective plant fibres are to be used in wines in compliance with the regulatory requirements, particularly the permitted limits for phytosanitary product residues;
- e. selective plant fibres should comply with the prescriptions of the International Oenological Codex.

## Recommendation of the OIV:

Admitted.